BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

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Board of Directors Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District No. 1 Timnath, Colorado

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District No. 1, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District No. 1, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 17 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion is not affected by this missing information.

July 31, 2020

John Cuth & Associates, LLC



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities		
	2019	2018	
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 41,294	\$ 19,102	
Accounts Receivable	3,035	29,464	
Capital Assets, depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	3,015,124	3,163,662	
TOTAL ASSETS	3,059,453	3,212,228	
LIABILITIES			
Accrued Interest	811,760	485,556	
Unearned Revenue	10,246	16,570	
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Due within One Year	5,193,650	5,193,650	
Due in more than One Year			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,015,656	5,695,776	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(2,990,286)	(2,515,544)	
Restricted	16,700	14,300	
Unrestricted	17,383	17,696	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (2,956,203)	\$ (2,483,548)	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Program Revenues	Net (Expense) Changes in 1) Revenue and Net Position		
		Charges	Governmental Activities			
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	for Services	2019	2018		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
Governmental Activities						
General Government	\$ 357,929	\$ 532,779	\$ 174,850	\$ 68,686		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	326,204	<u>-</u>	(326,204)	(355,729)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 684,133	\$ 532,779	(151,354)	(287,043)		
	GENERAL REV					
	Taxes	-	8			
	Other	22,406	5,645			
	SPECIAL ITEMS	•	,			
	Developer Adv	37,000	-			
	Transfer to Oth	ner District	(380,707)	(241,645)		
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES			(321,301)	(235,992)		
	CHANGE IN NE	CHANGE IN NET POSITION				
	NET POSITION,	, Beginning	(2,483,548)	(1,960,513)		
	NET POSITION,	\$ (2,956,203)	\$ (2,483,548)			

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2019

		GENER	AL FI	UND
		2019		2018
ASSETS	<u></u>			
Cash and Investments	\$	41,294	\$	19,102
Accounts Receivable		3,035		29,464
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	44,329	\$	48,566
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	-
Unearned Revenue		10,246		16,570
TOTAL LIABILITIES		10,246		16,570
FUND EQUITY				
Fund Balance				
Restricted for Emergencies		16,700		14,300
Unassigned		17,383		17,696
				,
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		34,083		31,996
TOTAL LIABILITIES				
AND FUND EQUITY	\$	44,329	\$	48,566
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are				
different because:				
Fund balance, governmental funds		34,083		31,996
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		3,015,124		3,163,662
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are				
not reported in the funds. These include developer note payable (\$5,193,650)				
and accrued interest on the developer note (\$811,760)	(6,005,410)		(5,679,206)
Net Position of governmental activities	\$ (2,956,203)	\$	(2,483,548)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2019

	GENERA	L FUND
	2019	2018
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 8
Charges for Services	532,779	468,527
Other	22,406	5,645
TOTAL REVENUES	555,185	474,180
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General Government	209,391	251,303
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	209,391	251,303
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER		
(UNDER) EXPENSES	345,794	222,877
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Developer Advances	37,000	-
Transfer To District No. 4	(380,707)	(241,645)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(343,707)	(241,645)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,087	(18,768)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	31,996	50,764
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 34,083	\$ 31,996

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2019

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,087
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense for the current period.	(148,538)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This amount the increase in accrued	(00 (00))
interest in the current year.	 (326,204)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (472,655)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District No. 1 was formed to provide public services and improvements for the District and surrounding area within its boundaries. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors elected by the constituents.

The accounting policies of the Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District No. 1 (the "District") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

In accordance with governmental accounting standards, the District has considered the possibility of inclusion of additional entities in its financial statements.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if District officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. The District may also be financially accountable for organizations that are fiscally dependent upon it.

Based on the application of these criteria, the District does not include additional organizations in its reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current *financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Service fees, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the fund financial statements, the District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Cash and Investments

Cash equivalents include investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are recorded at fair value.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property and equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives between ten and thirty years.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities fund type statement of net position.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets includes the District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position includes assets that have third-party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) limitations on their use. The District typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future project.

Unrestricted Net Position typically includes unrestricted liquid assets. The Board has the authority to revisit or alter this designation.

Net Position/Fund Balance Classification

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is restricted when constraints placed on the net position are externally imposed.

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has classified Emergency Reserves as being restricted because their use is restricted by State Statute for declared emergencies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Net Position/Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

The District did not have any committed resources as of December 31, 2019.

 <u>Unassigned</u> – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on December 15 and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. Taxes are payable in full on April 30 or in two installments on February 28 and June 15. The County Treasurer's office collects property taxes and remits to the District on a monthly basis.

Property taxes are assessed and submitted to Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District Nos. 2, 3, and 4, and forwarded to the District as a payment for administrative and other services. These payments are labeled as service fees in the financial statements.

Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles has not been presented since its inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- On or before October 15th, District Management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- District Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Directors.
- Budgets are legally adopted for all funds of the District on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Directors. All appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019

NOTE 3: <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u>

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At December 31, 2019, State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the District are eligible public depositories.

Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The District has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At December 31, 2019, the District had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$41,294. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$40,331. All balances were covered by federal depository.

Investments

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the units of local government may invest which includes:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019

NOTE 3: *CASH AND INVESTMENTS* (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk (Continued)

- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

The above investments are authorized for all funds and fund types used by Colorado municipalities.

The District does not have any investments as of December 31, 2019.

NOTE 4: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, is summarized below:

	Balances <u>12/31/18</u>		Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balances 2/31/19
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, depreciated					
Landscaping	\$ 1,613,418	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,613,418
Community Center & Pool	1,589,622		-	-	1,589,622
Equipment	 310,137	_		 	 310,137
Total Capital Assets, depreciated	 3,513,177			 <u> </u>	 3,513,177
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Landscaping	128,525		64,537	-	193,062
Community Center & Pool	158,962		52,987	-	211,949
Equipment	 62,028		31,014	 	 93,042
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 349,515		148,538	 <u>-</u>	 498,053
Governmental Activities,					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,163,662	\$	(148,538)	\$ 	\$ 3,015,124

Depreciation expense was charged to the general government activity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2019.

	Balance <u>12/31/18</u>	Additions	<u>Payments</u>	Balance <u>12/31/19</u>	Due In <u>One Year</u>
Developer Note, Capital Accrued Interest	\$ 5,193,650 485,556	\$ - 326,204	\$ - -	\$ 5,193,650 811,760	\$ 5,193,650 811,760
Total	\$ 5,679,206	\$ 326,204	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 6,005,410</u>	<u>\$ 6,005,410</u>

Developer Notes

On November 8, 2016, the District entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (the "Capital Agreement") with Brunner Farm Holdings, LLC. (the "Developer") to provide financing for administration, operations, and maintenance cost, including, but not limited to, legal, accounting, design, engineering and management cost relating thereto, associated with the provision of certain public improvements, facilities—and services. Pursuant to the Capital Agreement, the Developer agreed to loan the District amounts not to exceed \$15,555,000. Pursuant to the Capital Agreement, the District made a note to the Developer further evidencing the District's obligation to make repayment of all amounts borrowed from the Developer (the "Capital Note"). The terms of the Capital Note provide for a maturity date of November 8, 2019, and further provide that in the event the District cannot repay all amounts due and owing at the maturity date, the District shall make a new note on similar terms, with a maturity date of November 8 of the succeeding year. The series of installments shall be available to the District through December 8, 2044. Simple interest is accrued prime plus 2% per annum from the date of any advances made.

NOTE 6: RELATED PARTIES

All of the members of the Board of Directors are either investors in the Developer, or otherwise affiliated with the Developer. The District owed the Developer \$5,193,650 in note principal and \$811,760 in accrued interest.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Insurance Pool. The Pool insures property and liability exposures through contributions made by member districts. The District does not maintain an equity interest in the self insurance pool. The District funds its pool contributions, outside insurance purchases, deductibles, and uninsured losses through the General Fund.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial or District coverages in any of the past three years.

NOTE 8: <u>DEBT AUTHORIZATION</u>

On November 4, 2014, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of general obligation indebtedness as follows:

- An amount not to exceed \$198,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum, for providing public improvements; and
- An amount not to exceed \$33,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum, for television and relay purposes; and
- An amount not to exceed \$66,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum, for refunding purposes.
- An amount not to exceed \$33,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum, for operations and maintenance purposes; and
- An amount not to exceed \$99,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 15% per annum, for mosquito, fire protection, and security purposes; and
- An amount not to exceed \$33,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 15% per annum, for reimbursement agreement purposes.

The District's Service Plan includes a debt authorization limit of \$11,000,000.

As of December 31, 2019, the amount of debt authorized but unissued was \$5,806,350. The District intends to issue over time a part or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019

NOTE 9: <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

TABOR Amendment - Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local government. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment.

The District has established an emergency reserve, representing 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding debt service), as required by the Amendment. At December 31, 2019, the emergency reserve of \$16,700 was recorded as a restriction of fund balance in the General Fund.

NOTE 10: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through the date which the financial statements were issued. There were no material subsequent events that required recognition or additional disclosure.

COVID-19

As a result of the coronavirus pandemic (COVID-19), economic uncertainties may have economic implications on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the District. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be estimated at this time.



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2019					
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		VARIANCE Positive	2018	
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(Negative)	ACTUAL	
REVENUES				(= 1.58)		
Taxes	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ -	\$ (7)	\$ 8	
Service Fees	326,224	326,224	334,918	8,694	291,742	
O&M Fees	197,000	197,000	197,861	861	176,785	
Other	48,400	48,400	22,406	(25,994)	5,645	
TOTAL REVENUES	571,631	571,631	555,185	(16,446)	474,180	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government						
Accounting and Administration	19,400	17,400	19,650	(2,250)	19,400	
District Management	21,600	21,600	21,600	-	21,600	
Insurance	13,988	13,988	13,988	-	11,022	
Legal Expenses	2,995	2,995	1,681	1,314	3,982	
Office, Dues and Other	4,600	6,600	5,452	1,148	6,975	
Repairs and Maintenance	126,239	126,239	107,129	19,110	144,130	
Community Center & Pool	39,436	39,436	39,891	(455)	38,694	
Trustee Fee	-	-	-	-	5,500	
Contingency	17,149	17,149		17,149		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	245,407	245,407	209,391	36,016	251,303	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	326,224	326,224	345,794	19,570	222,877	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Developer Advances	-	-	37,000	37,000	-	
Transfer To District No. 4	(326,224)	(326,224)	(380,707)	(54,483)	(241,645)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)	(326,224)	(326,224)	(343,707)	(17,483)	(241,645)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	2,087	2,087	(18,768)	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	27,229	<u> </u>	31,996	31,996	50,764	
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 27,229	\$ -	\$ 34,083	\$ 34,083	\$ 31,996	