#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

December 31, 2022

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Board of Directors Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District No. 1 Timnath, Colorado

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### Report on the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District No. 1 (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District No. 1 as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District No. 1 and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- ➤ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures of the financial statements.
- ➤ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- ➤ Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

John Cuth + Associates, LLC

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required budgetary information on page 17 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion is not affected by this missing information.

August 2, 2023



### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities		
	2022	2021	
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 29,311	\$ 21,850	
Accounts Receivable	5,365	8,856	
Capital Assets, depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	2,569,490	2,718,038	
TOTAL ASSETS	2,604,166	2,748,744	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	9,725	-	
Accrued Interest	1,877,874	1,028,112	
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Due within One Year	5,193,650	4,889,993	
Due in more than One Year			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,081,249	5,918,105	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(4,502,034)	(3,200,067)	
Restricted	23,300	20,800	
Unrestricted	1,651	9,906	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (4,477,083)	\$ (3,169,361)	

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Program Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
		Charges	Governmen	tal Activities			
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Expenses for Services 2022		2021			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$ 500,273	\$ 763,676	\$ 263,403	\$ 219,219			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,153,419		(1,153,419)	(342,048)			
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,653,692	\$ 763,676	(890,016)	(122,829)			
	GENERAL REVENUES						
	Taxes		-	-			
	Other		13,622	9,680			
	TOTAL GENE	RAL REVENUES	(417,706)	9,680			
	CHANGE IN N	ET POSITION	(1,307,722)	(113,149)			
	NET POSITION	N, Beginning	(3,169,361)	(3,056,212)			
	NET POSITION	N, Ending	\$ (4,477,083)	\$ (3,169,361)			

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2022

	GENERAL FUND			UND
		2022		2021
ASSETS		20.244		•4.050
Cash and Investments	\$	29,311	\$	21,850
Accounts Receivable		5,365		8,856
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	34,676	\$	30,706
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	9,725	\$	_
•			-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		9,725		
FUND EQUITY				
Fund Balance				
Restricted for Emergencies		23,300		20,800
Unassigned		1,651		9,906
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		24,951		30,706
THOME AT A LABOR PUBLICA				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<b>c</b>	24.676	Ф	20.707
AND FUND EQUITY	\$	34,676	\$	30,706
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:				
Fund balance, governmental funds		24,951		30,706
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		2,569,490		2,718,038
		, ,		, ,
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are				
not reported in the funds. These include developer note payable (\$5,193,650)				
and accrued interest on the developer note (\$1,877,874)		(7,071,524)		(5,918,105)
Not Position of covernmental activities	•	(4 477 002)	Ф.	(2 160 261)
Net Position of governmental activities	<u> </u>	(4,477,083)	\$	(3,169,361)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2022

	GENERA	L FUND
	2022	2021
REVENUES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for Services	763,676	685,211
Other	13,622	9,680
TOTAL REVENUES	777,298	694,891
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General Government	351,725	317,444
Debt Service		
Principal	-	-
Interest		467,744
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	351,725	785,188
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER		
(UNDER) EXPENSES	425,573	(90,297)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfer To District No. 4	(431,328)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(431,328)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(5,755)	(90,297)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	30,706	121,003
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 24,951	\$ 30,706

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (5,755)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense for the current period.	(148,548)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This amount is the increase in accrued	
interest in the current year.	 (1,153,419)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (1,307,722)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District No. 1 was formed to provide public services and improvements for the District and surrounding area within its boundaries. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors elected by the constituents.

The accounting policies of the Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District No. 1 (the "District") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### **Reporting Entity**

In accordance with governmental accounting standards, the District has considered the possibility of inclusion of additional entities in its financial statements.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on financial accountability. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if District officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. The District may also be financially accountable for organizations that are fiscally dependent upon it.

Based on the application of these criteria, the District does not include additional organizations in its reporting entity.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current *financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Service fees, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the fund financial statements, the District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### Cash and Investments

Cash equivalents include investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are recorded at fair value.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property and equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives between ten and thirty years.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities fund type statement of net position.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### **Net Position**

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets includes the District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position includes assets that have third-party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) limitations on their use. The District typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future project.

Unrestricted Net Position typically includes unrestricted liquid assets. The Board has the authority to revisit or alter this designation.

#### Net Position/Fund Balance Classification

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is restricted when constraints placed on the net position are externally imposed.

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has classified Emergency Reserves as being restricted because their use is restricted by State Statute for declared emergencies.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### Net Position/Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

The District did not have any committed resources as of December 31, 2022.

<u>Unassigned</u> – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied on December 15 and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1. Taxes are payable in full on April 30 or in two installments on February 28 and June 15. The County Treasurer's office collects property taxes and remits to the District on a monthly basis.

Property taxes are assessed and submitted to Southwest Timnath Metropolitan District Nos. 2, 3, and 4, and forwarded to the District as a payment for administrative and other services. These payments are labeled as service fees in the financial statements.

#### **Comparative Data**

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles has not been presented since its inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 2: <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u>

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- On or before October 15th, District Management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- District Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Directors.
- Budgets are legally adopted for all funds of the District on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Directors. All appropriations lapse at year end.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 3: <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u>

#### **Deposits**

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At December 31, 2022, State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the District are eligible public depositories.

Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The District has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At December 31, 2022, the District had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$29,311. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$26,615. All balances were covered by federal depository.

#### Investments

#### Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments the units of local government may invest which includes:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 3:** *CASH AND INVESTMENTS* (Continued)

**Investments** (Continued)

Credit Risk (Continued)

- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

The above investments are authorized for all funds and fund types used by Colorado municipalities.

The District does not have any investments as of December 31, 2022.

#### NOTE 4: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, is summarized below:

	Balances <u>12/31/21</u>		Additions		<u>Deletions</u>	Balances 2/31/22
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, depreciated						
Landscaping	\$ 1,613,418	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,613,418
Community Center & Pool	1,589,622		-		-	1,589,622
Equipment	 310,137	_				 310,137
Total Capital Assets, depreciated	 3,513,177				<del>_</del>	 3,513,177
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Landscaping	329,478		64,537		_	394,015
Community Center & Pool	310,586		52,992		-	363,578
Equipment	 155,075		31,019			 186,094
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 795,139	_	148,538	_	<u>-</u>	 943,687
Governmental Activities,						
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,718,038	\$	(148,538)	\$		\$ 2,569,490

Depreciation expense was charged to the general government activity.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2022.

	Balance <u>12/31/21</u>	Additions	<u>Payments</u>	Balance 12/31/22	Due In <u>One Year</u>
Developer Note, Capital Accrued Interest	\$ 5,193,650 1,028,112	\$ - 849,762	\$ - <del>\$</del>	5,193,650 \$ 1,877,874	\$ 5,193,650 -
Total	<u>\$ 6,221,762</u>	<u>\$ 849,762</u>	<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$</u>	5 7,071,524 S	<b>5,193,650</b>

#### **Developer Notes**

On November 8, 2016, the District entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (the "Capital Agreement") with Brunner Farm Holdings, LLC. (the "Developer") to provide financing for administration, operations, and maintenance cost, including, but not limited to, legal, accounting, design, engineering and management cost relating thereto, associated with the provision of certain public improvements, facilities—and services. Pursuant to the Capital Agreement, the Developer agreed to loan the District amounts not to exceed \$15,555,000. Pursuant to the Capital Agreement, the District made a note to the Developer further evidencing the District's obligation to make repayment of all amounts borrowed from the Developer (the "Capital Note"). The terms of the Capital Note provide for a maturity date of November 8, 2019, and further provide that in the event the District cannot repay all amounts due and owing at the maturity date, the District shall make a new note on similar terms, with a maturity date of November 8 of the succeeding year. The series of installments shall be available to the District through December 8, 2044. Simple interest is accrued prime plus 2% per annum from the date of any advances made. The rate at December 31, 2022 was 9.50%.

#### NOTE 6: RELATED PARTIES

All of the members of the Board of Directors are either investors in the Developer, or otherwise affiliated with the Developer. The District owed the Developer \$5,193,650 in note principal and \$1,877,874 in accrued interest.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Insurance Pool. The Pool insures property and liability exposures through contributions made by member districts. The District does not maintain an equity interest in the self insurance pool. The District funds its pool contributions, outside insurance purchases, deductibles, and uninsured losses through the General Fund.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial or District coverages in any of the past three years.

#### NOTE 8: <u>DEBT AUTHORIZATION</u>

On November 4, 2014, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of general obligation indebtedness as follows:

- An amount not to exceed \$198,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum, for providing public improvements; and
- An amount not to exceed \$33,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum, for television and relay purposes; and
- An amount not to exceed \$66,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum, for refunding purposes.
- An amount not to exceed \$33,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum, for operations and maintenance purposes; and
- An amount not to exceed \$99,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 15% per annum, for mosquito, fire protection, and security purposes; and
- An amount not to exceed \$33,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 15% per annum, for reimbursement agreement purposes.

The District's Service Plan includes a debt authorization limit of \$11,000,000.

As of December 31, 2022, the amount of debt authorized but unissued was \$6,110,007. The District intends to issue over time a part or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 9: <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

TABOR Amendment - Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local government. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment.

The District has established an emergency reserve, representing 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding debt service), as required by the Amendment. At December 31, 2022, the emergency reserve of \$23,300 was recorded as a restriction of fund balance in the General Fund.

#### NOTE10: <u>DEFICIT NET POSITION</u>

As of December 31, 2022, the District had a government-wide net asset deficit of \$4,477,083. This deficit was created as the District constructed capital assets with developer proceeds that were transferred to the Town of Timnath.

#### NOTE 11: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through the date which the financial statements were issued. There were no material subsequent events that required recognition or additional disclosure.



#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended December 31, 2022

	ORIGINAL		VARIANCE		
	AND FINAL		Positive	2021	
DEVENHE	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(Negative)	ACTUAL	
REVENUES Taxes	Ф	Ф	Ф	¢	
Service Fees	\$ - 520,993	\$ - 527.726	\$ -	\$ - 490.111	
O&M Fees	236,400	527,726 235,950	6,733	489,111 196,100	
Other	2,750	13,622	(450) 10,872	9,680	
Other	2,730	13,022	10,672	2,000	
TOTAL REVENUES	760,143	777,298	17,155	694,891	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government					
Accounting and Administration	24,500	24,500	-	23,200	
District Management	24,000	24,000	-	24,000	
Insurance	13,340	-	13,340	25,244	
Legal Expenses	8,000	8,878	(878)	5,949	
Office, Dues and Other	11,800	6,748	5,052	7,001	
Repairs and Maintenance	128,946	144,296	(15,350)	113,962	
Community Center & Pool	62,000	67,332	(5,332)	66,445	
Utilities	-	75,971	(75,971)	51,643	
Interest	5,500	-	5,500	467,744	
Contingency	24,564		24,564		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	302,650	351,725	(49,075)	785,188	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	457,493	425,573	(31,920)	(90,297)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Developer Advances	58,000	-	(58,000)	_	
Transfer To District No. 4	(515,493)	(431,328)	84,165		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	(457,493)	(431,328)	26,165		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(5,755)	(5,755)	(90,297)	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	30,706	30,706		121,003	
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 30,706	\$ 24,951	\$ (5,755)	\$ 30,706	